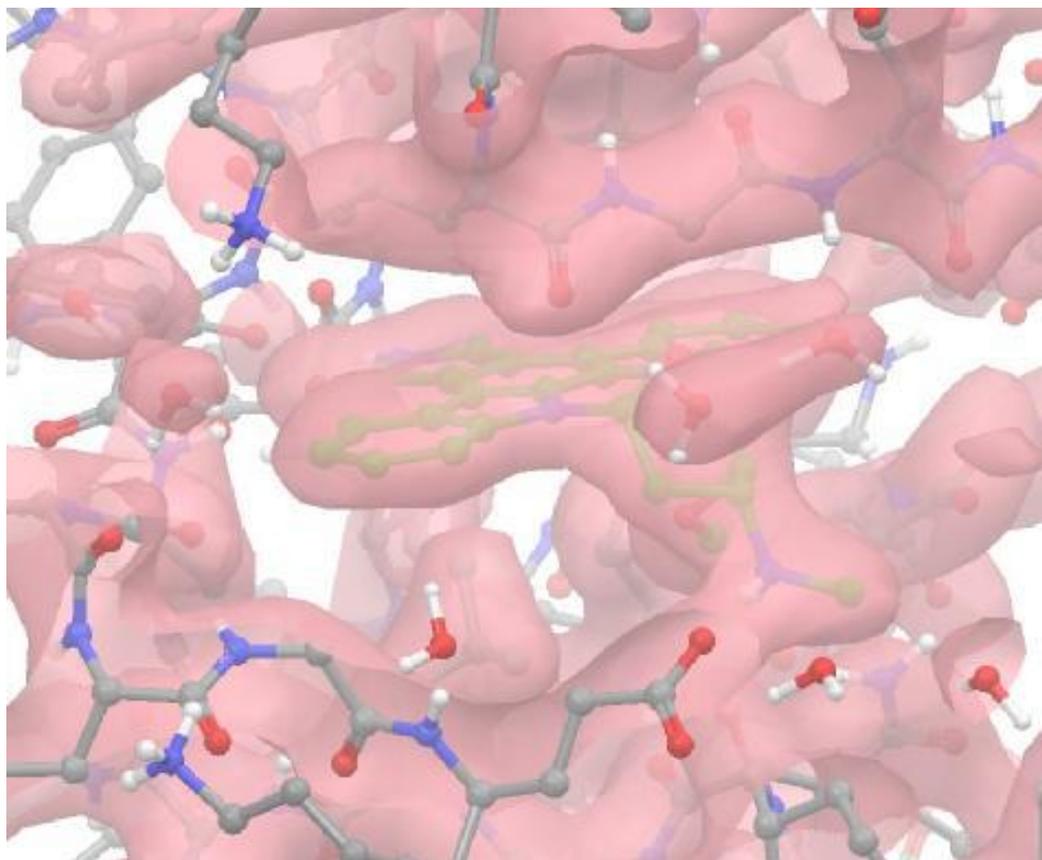


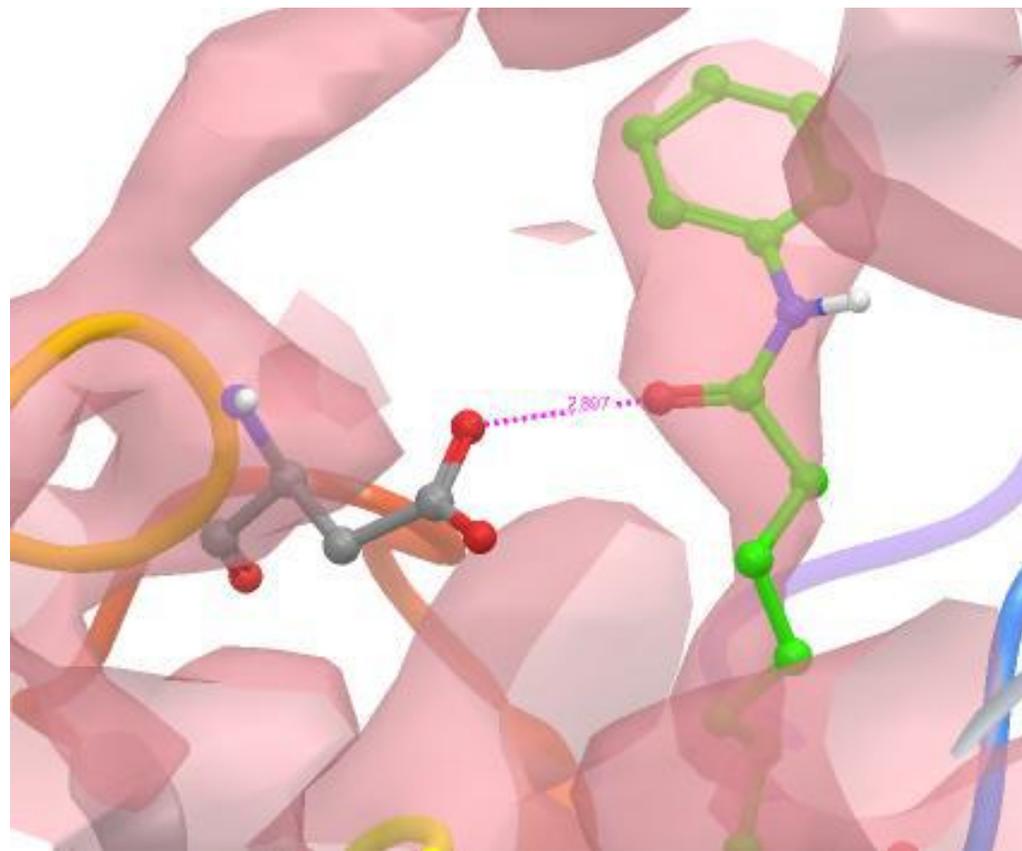
Introduction to Protein Preparation

Stephan Ehrlich

Not all Crystal Structures are High Quality Structures

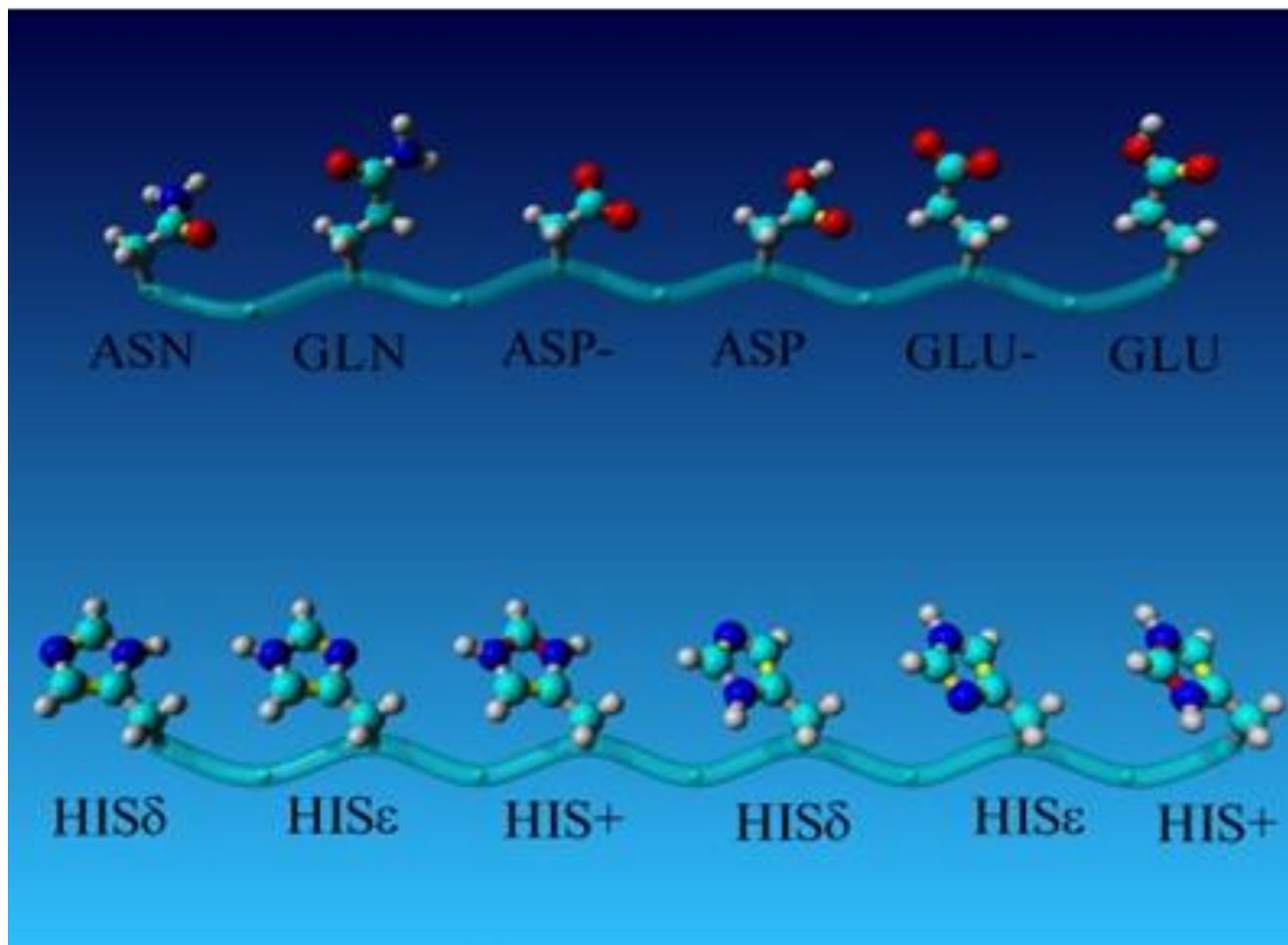


In this case, the ligand density is relatively unambiguous



But in this case the density is missing, leading to potentially misleading information

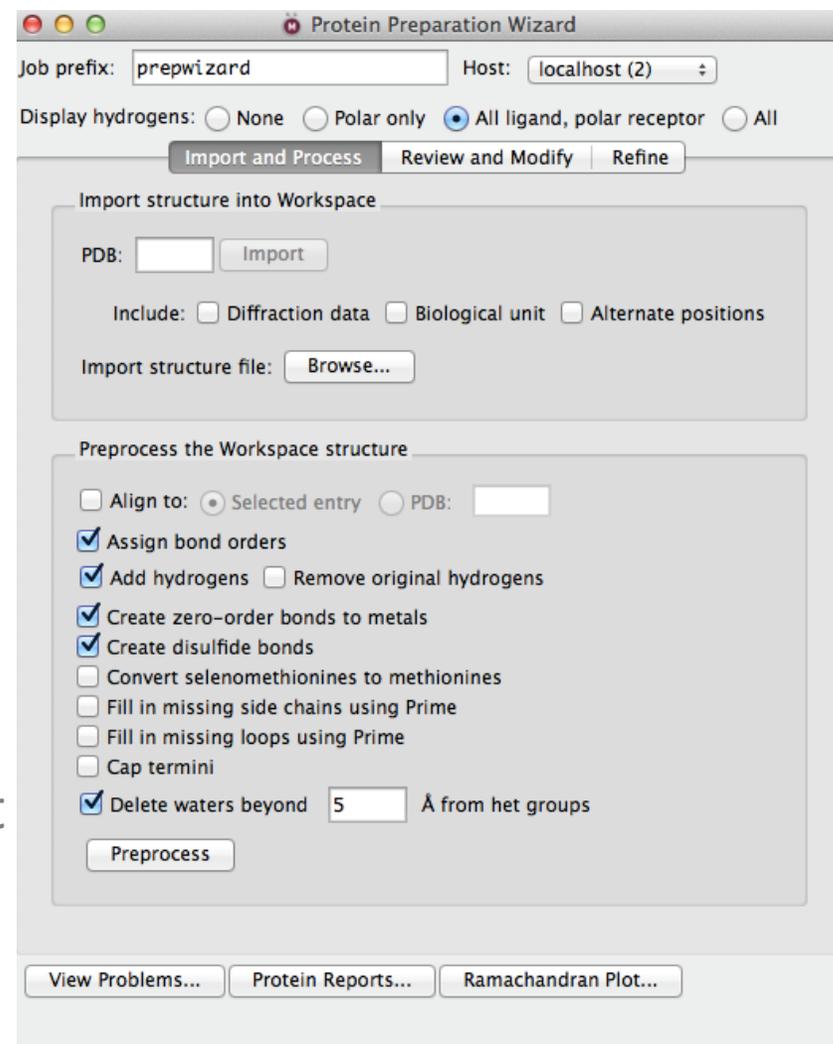
And the details matter



pH-dependent tautomeric and protonation states for His, Glu, and Asp

The Protein Preparation Wizard is useful!

- **It fixes common problems**
 - Protonation
 - Missing side chains
 - Missing loops
- **It removes unwanted molecules**
 - Counterions, random small molecules, waters
 - But be careful not to remove important things!
- **And it optimizes your structure**
 - Hydrogen-bond optimization (via assigning correct Asn/Gln/His flipping)
 - Restrained minimization



Also keep in mind that a crystal structure is a snapshot

- Proteins are constantly in motion
 - This motion is essential for function
- Traditionally, CADD has modeled proteins as rigid bodies with the “lock and key” analogy as a guide
 - But this is changing
- **It is imperative to choose the appropriate conformational state to use as a starting point for SBDD.**
 - For example, in the case of kinases, ensure you are using a structure with the DFG conformation relevant to your studies.