Centre for High Performance Computing 2020 National Conference



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Machine learning-based prediction of phases in high-entropy alloys

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Abstract:

"The answer to the question "why HEAs exhibit such exceptional properties" lies in their phases" [1]. The implementation of machine learning (ML) approaches for the classification of solid solution high-entropy alloy (HEA) phases is, therefore, a topical theme in material informatics. For this study, we construct a new dataset based at least 430 peer-reviewed experimental publications including at least 40 metallurgy-specific predictor features. This study proposes a systematic framework incorporating of (a) six feature selection schemes, (b) construction of feature ensembles, and (c) the implementation of eight general ML classifiers. The classifiers, namely: regression tree (DT), linear discriminant analysis (LDA), naïve Bayes (NB), generalized linear regression (GLMNET), random forest (RF), artificial neural networks (NNET), k-nearest neighbors (kNN), and support vector machines (SVM) were trained and evaluated on classifying HEA solid solution phases across feature ensemble sizes. Feature selection results identify the most discriminating predictor features and against intuition, the post-treatment heat-treatment features performed poorly. The RF, SVM, kNN, and NNET classifiers outperformed the other algorithms used with accuracy rates of 97.5%, 95.8%, 94.5%, and 94.0%, respectively. Also, we found that our best results are superior to earlier studies on the same datasets. The proposed method can be used in other research areas.

[1] Agarwal, A. & Prasada Rao, A. K. Artificial Intelligence Predicts Body-Centered-Cubic and Face-Centered-Cubic Phases in High-Entropy Alloys. JOM 71, 3424–3432 (2019).

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