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Exploring the effectiveness of RuO₂ as a catalyst in metal-air batteries

Catalysis is one of the most effective techniques used to improve electrochemical performance and influence the production of stable discharge products during cycling in lithium-air batteries. Despite several studies addressing the effectiveness of catalysts in Li-air batteries, the reactivity and catalytic effect of ruthenium oxide (RuO₂) are not fully understood. In this study, we used the first principle density functional theory calculations to investigate the adsorption of lithium and oxygen adsorptions towards the RuO₂ major surface. Low Miller index $\{(001), (100), (010), (011), (110), (111)\}$ surfaces were modelled, and we found the (110) surface to be the most stable. The constructed morphologies also indicated the (110) surface plane as the most dominant. Considering the unique redox property of RuO₂, the will turn to influence the production of stable discharge products upon cycling.

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